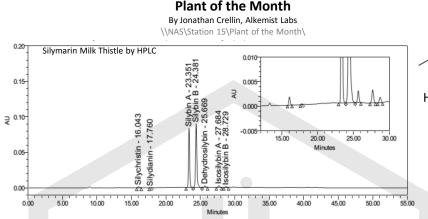


History/Traditional Use

Milk thistle is a flowering herb native to the Mediterranean region, and is now found throughout the world. It gets its name from the milky white sap that comes from the leaves when they are crushed. It has been used for thousands of years as a remedy for a variety of ailments, and historically was thought to have protective effects on the liver and improve its function. Today, its primary folk uses include liver disorders and gallbladder disorders.





Milk Thistle

Silvbum marianum

Pharmacology

Silymarin extracted from the seeds is believed to be the biologically active part of the milk thistle. Laboratory studies have suggested that it may benefit the liver by protecting and promoting the growth of liver cells, fighting oxidation, and inhibiting inflammation. Other folk uses include lowering cholesterol levels, reducing insulin resistance, and reducing the growth of breast, cervical, and prostate cancer cells.

OH O HO HO Silybin A

Chemistry

The active ingredient in milk thistle is silymarin, a chemical extracted from the seeds. Silymarin is actually a group of flavonoids silybin A and B, isosilybin A and B, silydianin, and silycristin. Most milk thistle products are standardized preparations made from the seeds of the plant, to contain 70 to 80% of silymarin.

Sales

Manufacturing: \$16,400,00 (12th) Consumer: \$9,200,00 (6th)



Botany/Preparation

Milk thistle is a member of the asteraceae family, which also includes sunflowers and daisies. This stout thistle usually grows in dry, sunny areas, reaching heights of 5 to 10 feet. The seeds spreads quickly (it is considered a weed in some parts of the world), and it matures in less than a year. Silymarin is extracted from the seeds (fruit), and are used to prepare capsules, extracts, powders, and tinctures.

References

- 1. <u>https://nccih.nih.gov/health/milkthistle/ataglance.htm</u>
- 2. <u>http://umm.edu/health/medical/altmed/herb/milk-thistle</u>
- 3. http://www.webmd.com/heart-disease/milk-thistle-benefits-and-side-effects